

A Note on the late-Byzantine Ecclesiastical Composer
**Angelos Gregorios sive Gregoriou, a Pupil of Manouel
 Gazes**

Maria Alexandru and Bjarne Schartau

Describing twice within c. 6 years the 16th century Copenhagen "Mathematarion" Kgl. Bibl., Gks 3537,8°, I (Bjarne Schartau) have had to book a First Mode (τρίχος πρώτος) setting of the Saturday night prokeimenon (μικρὰ δοχῆ) 'Ο κύριος ἐβασίλευσεν by one Angelos Gregorios (or rather Gregoriou?: 'Αγγέλου Γρηγορίου, of course, in the MS).¹⁾ This composer I have, curiously enough, as yet been unable to verify by means of the standard secondary literature accessible to me. In the recently published third volume of professor Gregorios Stathis' monumental catalogue of the MSS of Byzantine Music in Mount Athos however the name of Angelos Gregorios/ou appears twice, and what is more: One of his two compositions booked by Stathis happens to be a Third Mode (τρίχος τρίτος) setting of 'Ο κύριος ἐβασίλευσεν (MS Koutloumousiou 436, 16^r).²⁾

Now, a few years ago leafing through our Library of Congress microfilms of MSS from the Sinaite Monastery of St. Catharine, I was able to verify that the kalophonic sticherarion **Sinaiticus graecus 1566** is in its entirety an autograph of Angelos Gregorios/ou. Needless to say, I can hardly be the first person in modern times to have noticed this, but it remains a somewhat puzzling fact that no scholar, Greek or Western, seems to have bothered about publishing this quite interesting piece of information. Interesting, not least because the MS also provides us with a fairly accurate chronological framework that would of course be further enhanced by some reliable data on watermarks, alas, not at my disposal for the time being. On fol. 36^r of the Sinai 1566 the copyist introduces himself in the customary inconspicuous manner, so well known from a good many other musical MSS of late- and post-Byzantine times: 'Ετεον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτὴν 18 September. Nativity of the

Blessed Virgin Mary] ἐμετεποιήθησαν δὲ τὰ γράμματα ἀπὸ τῶν εἰσοδίων τῆς Θεοτόκου· ὑπὸ τῶν νέων διδασκάλων πόλεως γορτύνης· ὕστερον δὲ ἐσυντέθησαν καὶ ἐδιωρθώθησαν παρ' ἐμοῦ ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· ποίημα κυροῦ μανουὴλ τοῦ χρυσάφη καὶ λαμπαδαρίου. α' Αγαλλιασθε ο δανιδ κρουων.

In the folios preceding fol. 36^r he has marked several settings as his own, and even more important, one setting as "by my teacher Manouel Gazes" ³⁾ (fol. 16^r: "Ἐτερον κοινωνικόν· ποίημα κυροῦ μανουὴλ λαμπαδαρίου τοῦ γαζῆ καὶ ἡμετέρου διδασκάλου· πλ α' Σωμα χριστου μεταλαβετε").

There seems to be some uncertainty about the exact date of the lampadarios Manouel Gazes ⁴⁾, but since Sinai 1566 has a number of settings by Manouel Chrysaphes (Doukas) the lampadarios and several by Markos Hieromonachos of Corinth, and since on fol. 80^v we find a clear indication that Angelos Gregorios/ou's teacher Manouel Gazes was himself a pupil of Markos (Μηνὶ τῷ αὐτῷ [in marg. δεκεμβρίῳ] σ'. τοῦ ἐν ἄγιοις πατρὸς ἡμῶν νικολάου τοῦ μεγάλου· παλαιόν· πλ δ' των ανδραγαθηματων σου οσιε [at the bottom of the page] ἐκαλλωπίσθη παρὰ κυροῦ μάρκου κορίνθου ἱερομονάχου· καὶ παρὰ τοῦ αὐτοῦ φοιτητοῦ κυροῦ μανουὴλ τοῦ γαζῆ.), we will find our Angelos Gregorios/ou writing his MS, including some 25 settings of his own (3 among these to his own decapentasyllabic verses!), not earlier than a few years before the "Αλωσις".

In this connexion it might be significant (though far from conclusive) that we do not find the slightest hint at the Fall of C/pl anywhere in Sinai 1566. Contrast e.g. the interesting entry found in **Sinaiticus graecus** 1250, fol. 136^r and **Athous Pantocratorinus** 211, fol. 202^v on Manouel Chrysaphes' double setting in the Second Plagal Mode (ἢχος πλ β') of the theotokion Τίς μὴ μακαρίσει σε, made respectively "before" and "after" the Fall of C/pl. ⁵⁾

On the whole, however, a post 1453-date seems somewhat more likely than an ante. (Cf. also the preterite tenses (47^r) τὸ αὐτὸ [Ευαγγελιστα Ιωαννη ισαγγελε] ἐγράφη δὲ καθὼς παρεδόθη καὶ ἐψάλλετο [used to be chanted] παρὰ κυροῦ μάρκου ἱερομονάχου κορίνθου.).

From the **Sinaiticus graecus** 1547 (the whole MS was written by Joannes Plousiadenos, according to the script as well as to some internal data ⁶⁾), fol. 59^r we learn that Angelos Gregorios/ou at one time had connexions to a monk

from Mount Athos (or perhaps himself visited the Holy Mountain, where he met a monk?) who taught him an Athonite setting of a specific kathisma (... ἐνεγράψη δὲ παρὰ κυροῦ ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου ὑπὸ μοναχοῦ τινος ἐκεῖσε εἰσιόντος· ἐν τῇ σεβασμίᾳ μονῆ τῆς ὑπεραγίας Θεοτόκου ἥτοι τοῦ ἀγίου ὄρους· Χαιρε θρονε πυριμορφε του θεου [MR II 331-32]).

The occurrence of this setting in a MS written by Cretan born Plousiadenos tallies well with Angelos' reference in his own MS to "the new teachers of Gortyne" (36^r), and the inference ought to be clear: he was himself a native of the island, or at least a Cretan alien resident of long standing, who may well have been personally acquainted with the famous later bishop of Methone.

In the next pages we offer a small catalogue of the settings by Angelos Gregorios/ou in his autograph MS **Sinaiticus graecus 1566**, followed by a complete transcription of his decapentasyllabic setting in the Fourth Mode (ήχος τέταρτος) for the Feast of Saint Parasceue, November 9 ("and for the other virgin martyrs") (70^v-72^r), made by Maria Alexandru, accompanied by a small specimen of the script.

We hope that this may serve as an invitation to students of MSS of Byzantine music to be more aware of settings marked 'Αγγέλου Γρηγορίου.

NOTES

- 1) Bjarne Schartau, *Manuscripts of Byzantine Music in Denmark*. CIMAGL 48 (1984), 20-21. (Id.), *Codices graeci haunienses. Ein deskriptiver Katalog des griechischen Handschriftenbestandes der Königlichen Bibliothek, Kopenhagen* 1994 (s.v. **Gks 3537, 8^o**).

- 2) Τὰ χειρόγραφα Βυζαντινῆς Μουσικῆς "Αγίου Ὁρος. Κατάλογος περιγραφικὸς τῶν χειρογράφων κωδίκων Βυζαντινῆς Μουσικῆς τῶν ἀποκειμένων ἐν ταῖς βιβλιοθήκαις τῶν Ἱερῶν μονῶν καὶ σκητῶν τοῦ 'Αγίου Ὁρους ὑπὸ Γρ. Θ. Στάθη. Τόμος Γ'. Athens 1993, 291.

4) M. Adamis, An Example of Polyphony in Byzantine Music of the Late Middle Ages". Proceedings of the Eleventh International Musicological Society Congress, II (Copenhagen 1972), 737-47. Dimitri E. Conomos, The Late Byzantine and Slavonic Communion Cycle: Liturgy and Music. Washington, D.C. 1985, 76, 118-24; 140.

5) τοῦτο τὸ προγραφὲν στιχηρόν, ἐποίηθε πρὸ τῆς ἀλώσεως κωνσταντινουπόλεως· καὶ μετὰ τοῦτα ζητήσας τοῦτο οὐχ εὑρον· καὶ μὴ ἐνθυμούμενος τοῦτο γράψειν, ἐποίησα ἔτερον τὸ ἔμπροσθεν· ὃστερον δὲ εὑρον τὸ αὐτόν, ἔγραψα καὶ τὰ δύο. [bottom of page] ἔτερον τοῦ αὐτοῦ· ποιηθὲν ἐν σπάρτῃ μετὰ τὴν ἄλωσιν. See also Μανόλης Κ. Χατζηγιακούμης, Μουσικὰ χειρόγραφα Τουρκοκρατίας (1453-1832). Athens 1975, 392 (quoting for this entry the *Pantocratorinus* 211, but not the *Sinaiticus graecus* 1566), and (id.), Χειρόγραφα ἐκκλησιαστικῆς μουσικῆς 1453-1820. Athens 1980, 81 (note 10). Cf. further *Athous Pantocratorinus* 211, 79/80^v Ἐτερος στίχος καλοφωνικός, ποιηθεὶς παρὰ κυροῦ μανουὴλ λαμπαδαρίου τοῦ χρυσάφη· δι' ὄρισμοῦ κυροῦ κωνσταντίνου βασιλέως· πλ δ' Εγώ γεγενηκα σε (or in other words, if one is to trust the caption; written between 1448 and 1453!). See also Χατζηγιακούμης, Μουσικὰ χειρόγραφα Τουρκοκρατίας, 400 and (id.) Χειρόγραφα ἐκκλησιαστικῆς μουσικῆς, 81 (note 9).

6) Bjarne Schartau, A Checklist of the Settings of George and John Plousiadenos in the Kalophonic Sticherarion Sinai gr. 1234. CIMAGL 63 (1993), 297-308.

Catalogue of the settings by Angelos Gregorios/ou in his autograph MS Sinaiticus graecus 1566

1. (9^r-10^v) Ἐτερον εἰς τὸν ἐπιτάφιον θρῆνον [Good Friday] τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν ἵησοῦ χριστοῦ· ἀναποδισμὸς ἀπὸ τὸ "Σήμερον κρεμάται ἐπὶ ξύλου". πλ β' [in marg. ἀγγέλ(ου) γρηγορίου] Προσκυνούμεν σου τα παθη χριστε

2. (10^v-12^r) Ἐτερον εἰς τὸν ἐπιτάφιον θρῆνον τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν ἵησοῦ χριστοῦ· ποίημα τοῦ αὐτοῦ· τὰ γράμματα καὶ τὸ μέλος. πλ β' [fol. 11^r in marg. ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου] Την εν σαρκι σου υπνωσιν και του σταυρου το παθος (decapentasyllabic)

3. (12^r-13^r) Ἐτερον εἰς τὸν ἐπιτάφιον θρῆνον τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν ἵησοῦ χριστοῦ· τοῦ αὐτοῦ τὰ τε γράμματα καὶ τὸ μέλος. πλ β' (νενανώ) [in marg. ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου] Προσκυνούμεν σου τα παθη χριστε

4. (19^v-20^v) "Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν· [Easter Sunday] ἐκ τοῦ κανῶνος τῆς απὸ φόδης· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου τὸ μέλος. τετράφωνος α' Αναστασεως ημερα

5. (36^r-37^v) "Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [8 September, Nativity of the Virgin Mary]: ἐμετεποιήθησαν δὲ τὰ γράμματα ἀπὸ τῶν εἰσοδίων τῆς Θεοτόκου· ὑπὸ τῶν νέων διδασκάλων πόλεως Γορτύνης· ὅστερον δὲ ἐσυντέθησαν καὶ ἐδιωρθώθησαν παρ' ἐμοῦ ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· ποίημα κυροῦ μανούηλ τοῦ χρυσάφη καὶ λαμπαδαρίου. α' Αγαλλιασθε ο δανιδ κρουων (NB! at the bottom of fol. 36^r a prima manu: ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς τὴν σύλληψιν τῆς ἀγίας καὶ θεομήτορος ἄννης)

6. (38^r-39^r) "Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [8 September]: ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου νέον. δ' Δι' αγγελου προρρησεως

7. (42^r-44^r) "Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [14 September, Exaltation of the Cross. Same Sticheron for Thursday in the Fourth Week of Lent]: εἰς τὸν τίμιον καὶ ζωστοὶ σταυρὸν τοῦ χριστοῦ· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου [in marg. νέον]. πλ δ' Ον παλαι μωσης προτυπωσας

8. (49^v-51^v) Μηνὶ ὁκτωβρίῳ γ· τοῦ ἀγίου ιερομάρτορος Διονυσίου τοῦ ἀρεοπαγίτου· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. πλ δ' Εν ιερευσι και μαρτυσι (NB! at the bottom of fol. 49^v a prima manu: ψάλλεται δὲ *(καὶ)* εἰς πάντας ιερομάρτυρας at the top of fol. 51^v a prima manu: ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς ἑτέρους ἀποστόλους)

9. (51^v-53^r) Τῷ αὐτῷ μηνὶ [October] ιη· τοῦ ἀγίου ἀποστόλου καὶ εὐαγγελιστοῦ λουκᾶ· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. δ' Τῷ της σοφιας αλιευτικῷ καλαμῷ (NB! at the bottom of fol. 51^v a prima manu: ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ τὸν ἄγιον ἀπόστολον μάρκον· ἀντὶ τοῦ "ὅθεν τῷ παύλῳ μαθητευθείς", λέγε "τῷ πέτρῳ"· εἰ δὲ εἰς τὸν ἄγιον ἀπόστολον ἀνδρέαν, λέγε "ὅθεν σὺν πέτρῳ")

10. (61^r-62^v) 'Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [1 November, Cosmas and Damian]: εἰς τὸν ἀγίους καὶ ιαματικοὺς ἀναργύρους· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· [in marg. νέον]. πλ δ' Τις μη θαυμασει

11. (70^v-72^r) "Ετερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [9 November, Parasceue]: στίχοι ποιηθέντες καὶ μελισθέντες παρ' ἐμοῦ ἀγγέλου

γρηγορίου· δέ της παρθενιας τον ναον και ασπιλον αμναδαν (decapentasyllabic) (NB! at the bottom of fol. 70^v a *prima manu*: ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς τὰς ἑτέρας παρθένους μάρτυρας)

12. (72^r-73^v) "Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [9 November, Parasceue]: ἀναγραμματισμὸς ἀπὸ τὸ "Ἐν πόλει τοῦ Θεοῦ" [17 July Marina]· ποίημα τοῦ αὐτοῦ ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. πλ δ' Ακουσθεμεν τῆς παρθενου εγκωμιον

13. (108^r-109^v) "Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [17 January, Antony the Great]: στίχοι ποιηθέντες καὶ μελισθέντες παρ' ἐμοῦ ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· οἵ(τινες) ψάλλονται εἰς τὸν ὄσιον καὶ μέγαν ἀντώνιον· ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς ἑτέρους ὁσίους. δέ των μοναστῶν καθηγητὴν καὶ ασκητῶν το κλεος (decapentasyllabic)

14. (109^v-111^r) τῷ αὐτῷ μηνὶ [January] κ'· τοῦ ὁσίου εὐθυμίου τοῦ μεγάλου· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. πλ α' Οσιε πατέρ ουκ εδωκας υπνον

15. (117^r-118^v) "Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [2 February, Purification]: τὸ αὐτὸν τῆς ἑορτῆς· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. α' Λεγε συμεων τινα φερων

16. (136^r-137^v) "Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [29 June, Peter and Paul]: ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· νέον. πλ β' Εορτη χαρμοσυνος εορτη παγκοσμιος

17. (140^r-141^v) "Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτήν [20 July, Elias the Prophet]· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· νέον. πλ δ' Των προφητων τους ακραιμονας και παμφαιεις φωστηρας

18. (141^v-143^v) Τῷ αὐτῷ μηνὶ κε'· ἡ κοίμησις τῆς ἀγίας καὶ θεομήτορος ἄννης· ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς τὴν σύλληψιν αὐτῆς. ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. [in marg. τοῦ αὐτοῦ] δέ την πανσεπτὸν σου κοιμησιν (NB! at the bottom of fol. 142^r a *prima manu*: ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς τὴν κοίμησιν τῆς θεοτόκου· καὶ εἰς τὴν γέννησιν αὐτῆς)

19. (143^v-144^v) Τῷ αὐτῷ μηνὶ κζ'· τοῦ ἀγίου μεγαλομάρτυρος καὶ ιαματικοῦ παντελεήμονος· ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. α' Αγωνα καλον τηγονησω (NB! at the bottom of fol. 143^v ἐποιήθη διὰ ίκεσίας· ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς πάντας μάρτυρας)

20. (158^v-160^r) "Ετερον εις τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτὴν [15 August, Dormition of Mary]: ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου· νέον. δ' Δευτε ανυμνησωμεν λαοι

21. (162^v-163^v) "Ετερον εις τὴν αὐτὴν ἑορτὴν [29 August, Decollation of the Forerunner]: ἀναγραμματισμὸς ἀπὸ τὸ "Πρόδρομε τοῦ σωτῆρος"· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. δ' Παρρησιαν εχων προς κυριον

22. (169^r-170^v) Δοχαὶ ἐκ τοῦ Ἀμώμου· ψαλλόμεναι εἰς λαϊκούς. [*in marg.* ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. β' - ἐκ τῆς πρώτης στάσεως] Επεποθησεν η ψυχη μου (v. 20) - τοῦ αὐτοῦ. β' Μετοχος εγω ειμι (v. 63) - τοῦ αὐτοῦ. (νενανώ) ἐκ τῆς βας στάσεως Οτι εγενηθην ως ασκος (v. 83) - τοῦ αὐτοῦ (νενανώ) Απο των κριματων (v. 102) - ἐκ τῆς γης στάσεως· τοῦ αὐτοῦ (νενανώ) Καιρος του ποιησαι (v. 126)

23. (171^r-172^v) μηνὶ σεπτεμβρίῳ κε'· ἡ μετάστασις τοῦ ἀποστόλου καὶ εὐαγγελιστοῦ ἰω(άννου) τοῦ θεολόγου· ποίημα ἀγγέλου γρηγορίου. [*in marg.* τοῦ αὐτοῦ] β' Την των αποστολων ακροτητα

24. (172^v-173^v) μηνὶ νοεμβρίῳ αῃ· τῶν ἀγίων καὶ ιαματικῶν ἀναργύρων κοσμᾶ καὶ δαμιανοῦ· ποίημα τοῦ αὐτοῦ. δ' Ωφθητε αγγελων συνομιλοι

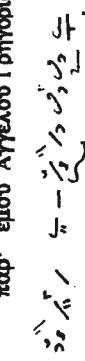
25. (173^v-175^r) μηνὶ ιου(λ)λίῳ κε'· ἡ κοίμησις τῆς ἀγίας καὶ θεομήτορος ἄννης· ἀπὸ τὸ "(Οι) ἐξ ἀκάρπων λαγόνων", τοῦ αὐτοῦ. πλ δ' Το ζευγος το αμωμον

26. (175^{r-v}) ψάλλεται δὲ καὶ εἰς διαφόρους ἀγίους· εἰς τοιοῦτον τρόπον· εἰς μάρτυρας, λέγε "πρεσβείαις τοῦ ἀθλοφόρου· εἰς ἀπόστολον, "πρεσβείαις τοῦ ἀποστόλου." πλ δ'. [*in marg.* τοῦ αὐτοῦ] Ταις πρεσβειαις της θεοτοκου

Addendum

In his paper read at the XV^e congrès international d' études byzantines Athènes 1976 ("Le tournant décisif dans l'histoire de la musique byzantine: 1071-1261"), Art et archéologie - rapports, Athènes 1976, 284 Kenneth Levy refers to Sinai 1566 and quotes three of its captions. Levy does not, however, expressis verbis identify Angelos as the scribe of the entire MS, and he leaves the information on the teacher-pupil relationships offered by the MS unmentioned. Thus our "Note" still seems to be the first presentation proper of Angelos Gregorios/ou and his oeuvre.

"Ἐτερον εἰς τὴν αὐθινὴν ἐσόρτιν (9 Nov., Paraskeue); στίχοι ποιηθέντες καὶ μελυσθέντες
ταρπ' ἔμου Ἀγγελου Γρηγορίου.



(A.)

cbabc d d e feded eded d

(B) $\begin{array}{c} \text{τ} \\ \text{δ} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{τ} \\ \text{τ} \end{array}$
Της παρ- θε- bG ab c d edcdc eded d

kai α- σπι- λαν- α- μνα- δαν.
G GD Ga b dc cbc ab dcba cd

$\begin{array}{c} \text{τ} \\ \text{τ} \end{array}$
των γυ- εfed edcb cbaG a bab dc db

και α- σπι- λαν- α- μνα- δαν.
G GD Ga b dc cbc ab dcba cd

$\begin{array}{c} \text{τ} \\ \text{τ} \end{array}$
των γυ- εfed edcb cbaG a bab dc db

και α- σπι- λαν- α- μνα- δαν.
G GD Ga b dc cbc ab dcba cd

$\begin{array}{c} \text{τ} \\ \text{τ} \end{array}$
των γυ- εfed edcb cbaG a bab dc db

και α- σπι- λαν- α- μνα- δαν.
G GD Ga b dc cbc ab dcba cd

3. Πα- πα- σκευ- πν- σω- μεν /
d edcb cbaG a b c dcacb c dcdbc cde f edc dccc c
4. την α- φο- πον πα- ντες.
την α- φο- πον πα- ντες.
G a cb ba a F GF G acba G
4. την νημ- φην .
την νημ- φην .
G GD Ga b b c b baG a b cba dcba G
5. ου και πον πον
c cbc abab G a bcba bab c dcdb ab cde f edc dccc c
5. ου και πον πον
c cbc abab G a bcba bab c dcdb ab cde f edc dccc c
6. εν βο- α- τους α- νο- μοις.
d g edcb baGa cb baGaG G
6. εν βο- α- τους α- νο- μοις.
d dedc dcd G a bab d ba aGaG G

- oudei-
d gefef ag f d e fef gfif
é gfe d
7. $\pi\zeta\varsigma$ $\tau\alpha\upsilon$ $\nu\mu\cdot$ $\varphi\iota\cdot$
d ed dc dc cb cb G b
 $\tau\alpha\upsilon$ $\varphi\mu\cdot$
d dc d
8. $\sigma\alpha\varsigma$ $\tau\alpha\upsilon$ $\nu\mu\cdot$ $\varphi\iota\cdot$
d dc b cba bc d ded
9. $\sigma\alpha\varsigma$ $\sigma\alpha\varsigma$ $\kappa\alpha\varsigma$
d dc bcb cb ab ab b
- pi-
fe feded eded d
- pi-
fe fedec dc ec dc dc d
- pi-
fe fedec dc ec dc dc d

10. *kai* *με-*
d d *λη-*
εf *δον*
g d *το-*
gf *σω-*
fefe *μα-*
ed ed *μου-*
d *σε-*
ρθιου *του*
de dc *πο-*
cbab G *η-*
Ga *baG aGa F* G
G
11. *v-* *περ* *του* *πο-*
G a *c db* *dcdc dcba* G *θου-*
G *G aGa b cbc d* *dcba b c dec d*
12. *o-πως* *στημ-*
d d *βα-*
εddc d e *fed* *δεδc* d *σι-*
d *λευ-*
εfe *fed* e *cde f* d
d *χω-*
dc *των* *των* *με-*
cb b G *a bab* cbc *σων-*
c *b a [?]* *acba aGaG* G

(C)

$\ddot{\text{b}} \text{ b} / \overline{\text{b}}$
 $\text{to} \text{ to}$
 G ab c d

te ppe pe pe
 G ab c d

$\text{f} \text{ f} / \overline{\text{f}}$
 G ab c d

epope pe pe
 ef g f e f ed

tototo
 d g fed e f g

popope
 d d d

epope te
 G G a

baG F G

ed dc dba G

cba baG FG

ff fd eeecd

to to to

f ed dc dc d

te e pepepe
 d d d d e c d

te e pepepe
 G G G G a F G

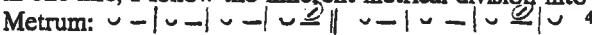
↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘
 ερρετε ερρετε
 G G a b
 ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘
 το το το το το το.
 cd dc dcba GaGa FG

(D)

↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘
 εεε εεε εεε εεε
 12. ι-να με- πι- δος
 G G a bab cd d
 ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘
 τυ- χω- σω- : ξο- με- νων.
 d dc edc dc chab G d dedc b dc baG

↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↘
 ετεον ετεον
 τελος : των ατωξο- με- νων.
 d d c f g fed c dcd cbcba baGaG G

Remarks:

- I apparatus: 1 τοῦ το sum v m.r. 2 παρασκευη...ημνησωμεν 4 τη νυμφη 5 το
9 κατακαφθηναι 10 μελιδον D12c σωζομενον
- II Form: A parakletike-opening and introductory melisma on the syllable τη (in red ink)¹
B decapentasyllabic sticheron consisting of - two πόδες² (vv. 1-6a; 6b-11)
- final verse³ (12)
- C teretism
- D "coda": repetition of the final verse (with another melody)
- III Lay out: since it is impossible to render a whole decapentasyllabic verse (numbered 1-12) in one line, I follow the inherent metrical division into shortlines (labelled a and b).
- IV Metrum:  Repetitions do not count as extra syllables. In 6a a meaningless τε is added in order to complete the metre. Trochaic feet at the beginning of shortlines⁵ in 2b, 10b, 11b (but notice the iambic rhythm of the melody), 12a and b.
- V Modal structure: a clear defined tetartos is maintained in the whole piece, except a very short inflexion to protos (transposed to the upper fifth: beginning of 2a) and two modulations to nana (3; 4b end-5a first colon).
- VI Relation text-music: whereas the text is conceived in longverses, the musical phrases follow the division into shortverses or even smaller units (especially in a-lines).
For the whole setting: besides the segmentation indicated by musical punctuation with or without MeSi, caesuras are requested after apoderma⁶, often after prolongation-neumes (but not the tzakisma) and sometimes after descending groups, mostly with psephiston⁷. Except the apoderma, which occurs almost on all pitches (G-d,g), the other elements are (when indicating a following caesura) connected with the final of the mode, the base of the upper and the top of the lower tetrachord.
The accentuated syllables of the metre are in many cases provided with prolongations or larger melismata.

¹For similar cases cf. J. Raasted, Intonation formulas and modal signatures in byzantine musical manuscripts, Copenhagen 1966, MMB VII, p. 121 with note 85.

²About the division of decapentasyllabic settings into πόδες -even if not mentioned expressis verbis in the manuscript - on the basis of the text (as in our example: the turn from indirect to direct speech) or of the music, cf. Γρ. Στάθης, Η δεκαπεντασύλλαβος ὑμνογραφία ἐν τῇ βυζαντινῇ μελοποίᾳ, Ἀθῆναι 1977, p. 128-9.

³On last lines in decapentasyllabic compositions cf. ibid., p. 135-8.

⁴Ibid., p. 139.

⁵In Stathes (op. cit., p. 141) referred to as "παρατονισμοί".

⁶Cf. J. Raasted, Thoughts on a revision of the transcription rules of the MMB, CIMAGL 54 (1986), p. 17.

⁷ I owe these observations to J. Raasted's seminars (1993/94) on the kalophonic style, as well as to Clara Adsuar's reports on her work with kalophonic settings in deuterous modes.

γαλλο-βρετανίαν πεποιηθέντα.